



T=SAF Dipartimento Territorio

### **Background and objectives**

You've worked hard to put together a **research** activity and you want to share some of its components with your colleagues or examiners.

Make sure that effort pays off by creating a presentation that **your audience will remember** and appreciate.

Here is a list of items compiled to help make your presentation **more effective and understandable** to your colleagues.

What is wrong? 63 words



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### **Background and objectives (a)**

How to share some of your research results with your colleagues or examiners...

... creating a presentation that your audience will appreciate.

Here is a list of ideas and suggestions!

32 words

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### **Background and objectives (b)**

How to share some of your research results with your colleagues or examiners...



... creating a presentation that your audience will appreciate.

Here is a list of ideas and suggestions!



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### **Background and objectives (c)**

How to share some of your research results with your colleagues or examiners...



... creating a presentation that your audience will appreciate.

Here is a list of ideas and suggestions!

What is wrong?

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### Paper organization

- 1. Preparation points
- 2. Organisation & order
- 3. Set the pace
- **4. Enthusiasm is contagious!** (personal attitude and behaviour)
- 5. Preparing visuals that are useful
- 6. A test



e Sistemi Agro-Forestali

### 1. Preparation points (1/8)

- If you are a beginner, on average, you should budget 10-20 minutes of writing and practice for each minute you speak.
- A **10-minute presentation** should be backed up by 1.5-3.5 hours of preparation and practice.

1.Preparation 2.Organisation & order 3.Set the pace 4.Enthusiasm is contagious! 5.Preparing visuals 6.Test

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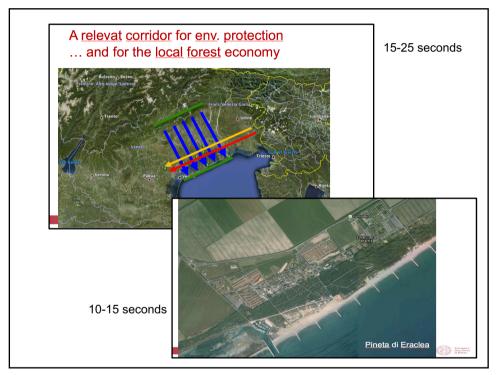
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### Preparation points (2/8)

- A rule of thumb is also that a good slide or sheet takes on average 0.5-3 minutes to present.
- So for a 10 minute presentation you have to condense your contribution to 7 to 15 slides.
- Don't forget that you also loose a few minutes at the start for getting the room silent, introduction etc.

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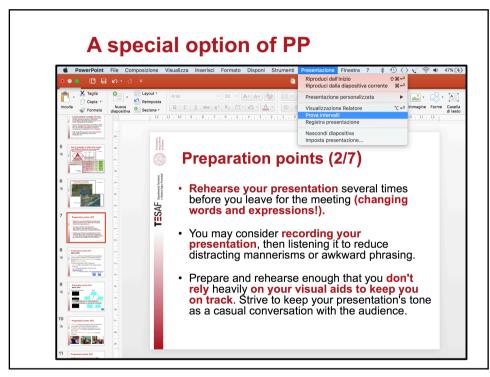


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### **Preparation points (3/8)**

- Rehearse your presentation several times before you leave for the meeting (changing words and expressions!).
- You may consider recording your presentation, then listening it to reduce distracting mannerisms or awkward phrasing.

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### **Preparation points (4/8)**

- Rehearse your presentation several times before you leave for the meeting (changing words and expressions!).
- You may consider recording your presentation, then listening it to reduce distracting mannerisms or awkward phrasing.
- Prepare and rehearse enough that you don't rely heavily on your visual aids to keep you on track. Strive to keep your presentation's tone as a casual conversation with the audience.

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### **Preparation points (5/8)**

### Which SW?

PowerPoint (PP) is the standard SW for presentation, but we should avoid giving a monopolistic position to Microsoft: it's not only a matter of a tool, but also a matter of way of thinking.

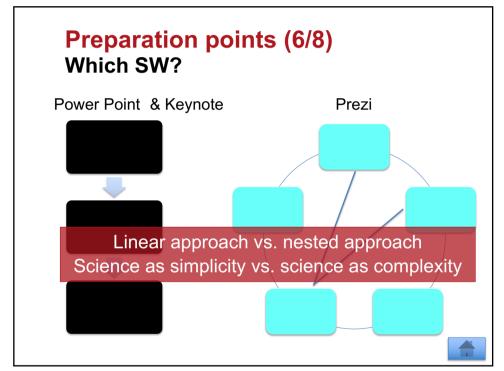
Therefore biodiversity in SW is welcome!

- Keynote (Mac): quite like PP, easier to learn from zero
- Prezi is a good alternative (free, if online: https://prezi.com)
- PowToon (animated videos, free: www.powtoon.com)











### **Preparation points (6/8)**

• **Don't read** the text from paper, unless you think that your English makes this absolutely necessary.

- It should not be a session of the audience staring at the back or side of your head as you read from the screen.
- Do not look at the PC or at the screen but at the audience

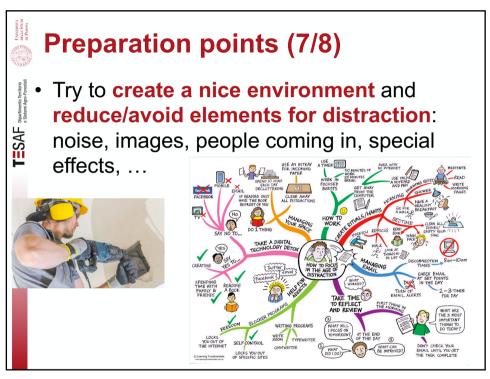


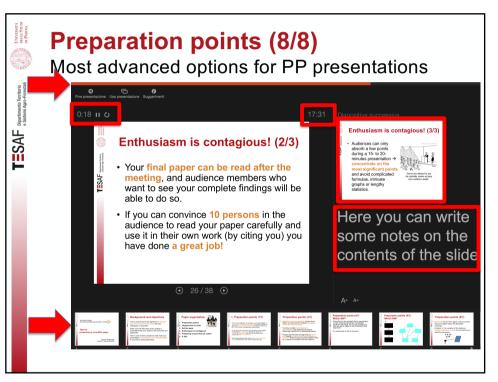






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### 2. Organisation & order (1/9)

- Your presentation creates a path for the audience to follow letting the audience be aware of the logical sequence throughout your talk.
- In your introduction, provide:
  - a focus/objective (statement of your main idea)
  - a **reason to listen** (significance of the main idea)
  - an **orientation** (structure of the presentation).

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### Organisation & order (2/9)

 Like a newspaper article, a good presentation and paper starts with providing the focus, the statement of the problem, sometimes one or few main conclusions.



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### Organisation & order (3/9)

- Like a newspaper article, a good presentation and paper starts with providing the focus, the statement of the problem, sometimes one or few main conclusions.
- This helps the audience to follow you, and there is no reason to hide the end result(s) or next steps.
- The time spent to guess where the speaker is going to, is not spent to understand his/her points.



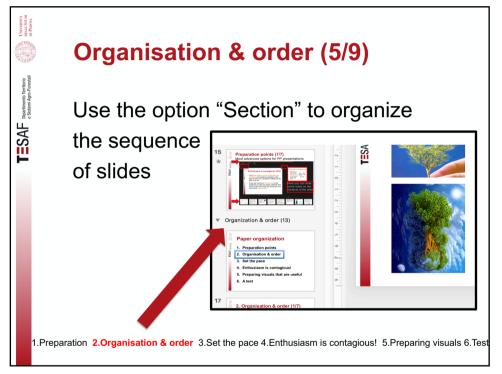
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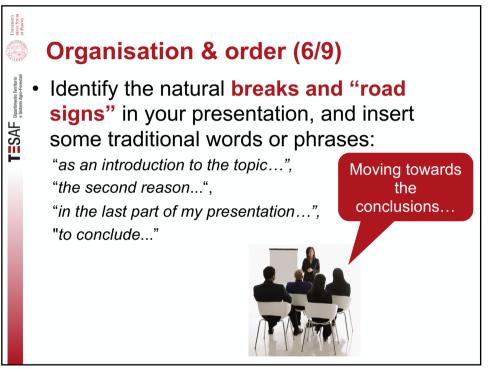
### Organisation & order (4/9)

Tips for creating "road signs":

- no. of slide of the section
- title of the section, with or without the overall structure of the paper
- other signs to highlight the progress in the presentation

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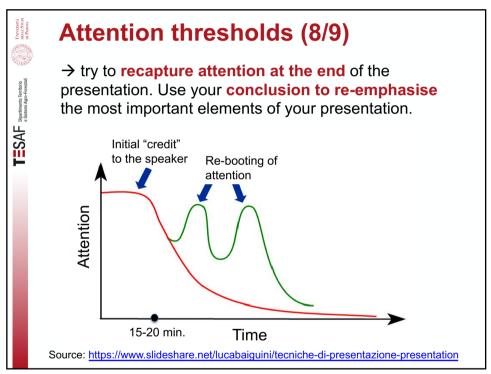




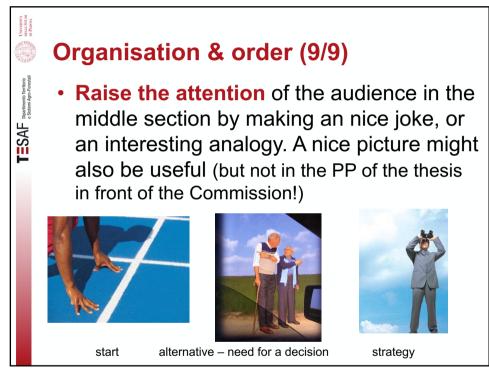
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### Organisation & order (7/9)

- During a long presentation, summarise after you finish each point, to wrap up what you've said and connect it to the next point.
- Audiences tend to be very attentive at a presentation's beginning, less attentive during the middle section, and more attentive as it ends (if motivated!)



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Images can be a break, but also a mean for understanding and a source discussion



Images can communicate in a very effective way serious messages: e.g. inequality, social disparities







 A picture may help in ending in a nice way a presentation





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### **Paper organization**

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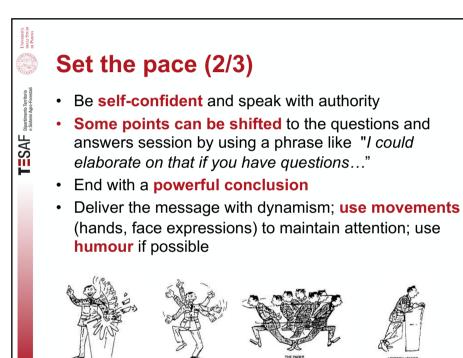
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### 3. Set the pace (1/3)

- · Apologies are normally not needed
- Speak clearly. A reader of a paper controls the pace himself while in an oral presentation, you control the speed: stick to short sentences and re-emphasise the main points.
- Don't try to include more information simply by speaking faster.
- Use some silent pauses.

1.Preparation 2.Organisation & order 3.Set the pace 4.Enthusiasm is contagious! 5.Preparing visuals 6.Test



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### Set the pace (3/3)

- Don't use the time reserved for discussion or questions and answers for your presentation.
- Ask the chair of the meeting to warn you 5 and/or 1-2 minutes before your time is up.
- Start summarising your presentation with your last slide if only 1 minute is left - wherever you are at that moment.



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A simple exercise:

How long is 1 minute?



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### 4. Enthusiasm is contagious! (1/3)

 If you are excited about your information, the audience will be also. If you deliver your presentation with a "flat" vocal quality, the audience may fell asleep.

are and



"Forest" issues not always are felt as the most important and interesting ones! (not mentioning the debris flow issue!!)

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### Enthusiasm is contagious! (2/3)

 Your final meeting, a want to see able to do Thank you berry much

• If you can convince to persons in the audience to read your paper carefully and use it in their own work (by citing you) you have done a great job!



### Enthusiasm is contagious! (3/3)

 Audiences can only absorb a few points during a 15- to 20minutes presentation → concentrate on the most significant points and avoid complicated formulas, intricate graphs or lengthy

statistics.



"You're not allowed to use the sprinkler system to keep your audience awake."



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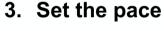
























**Paper organization** 

1. Preparation points

2. Organisation & order



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### 5. Preparing visuals that are useful (1/10)

• When creating your slides or overheads, remember that "less is more" in visual aids

→ limit the number of elements on each slide to maintain readability for the audience.

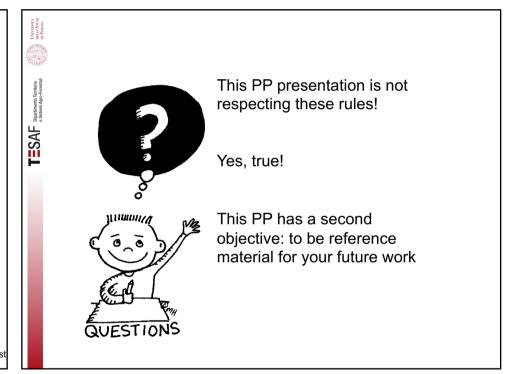


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## Preparing visuals that are useful (2/10)

- Limit the amount of information on each slide. Each slide should contain:
  - One-two main points
  - One thought per line
  - No more than 7-8 words per line. Skip articles ('a', 'the') and stick to nouns and verbs
  - No more than 7-8 lines per slide

1.Preparation 2.Organisation & order 3.Set the pace 4.Enthusiasm is contagious! 5.Preparing visuals 6.Test





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## Preparing visuals that are useful (3/10)

- Fine or thin lines in text or graphics will disappear when projected. Text and graphs need to be bold enough to contrast against the background.
- Place the most important text at the top of the slide.
- Use the brightest colour.
- Use large text sizes. For most visual aids, titles should be 36 to 48-points and text should be 24 to 36-points.

18-points 18-points 14-points 14-points 12-points 12-points

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## Preparing visuals that are useful (4/10)

 Words typed in all capital letters offer few recognisable shapes to catch the audience's eyes.

• WORDS TYPED IN ALL CAPITAL LETTERS OFFER FEW RECOGNISABLE SHAPES TO CATCH THE AUDIENCE'S EYES.



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### Preparing visuals that are useful

## Preparing visuals that are useful (5/10)

Colour considerations:

- use dark blues, grays, greens or black for backgrounds. White and yellow text are the most readable and contrast well against dark backgrounds (however this is not a generally accepted assumption - see the template of UNIPD and LERH!)
- To add emphasis: use different colours or fonts italics, rather than underlining.



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## Preparing visuals that are useful (6/10)

Colour considerations (cont.):

- Underlined text reduces the distinctness of words and makes them harder to read.
- <u>Underlined text reduces the distinctness of</u> words and makes them harder to read.
- Avoid use many colours in the same slide
- Avoid use of more than 2 types of font IN THE same slide



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## Preparing visuals that are useful (7/10)

- Bullets should be easy to see.
- Check their size, colour and position relative to the text.
- Minimise punctuation in visuals use size, type style, signs (→, &, @, ...) or colour to give your material structure instead



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Preparing visuals that are useful (8/10)

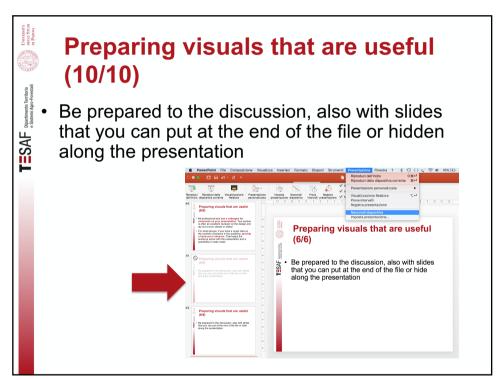
- Don't use complicated 'flash technologies' or other 'moving' texts. It often takes too much time and is disturbing as it distracts from the message.
- If you have a list of items, project them at once and don't use PP facilities to show them one by one - unless you have a long story to tell on each item.
- Remember the option to partially hide the previous text.

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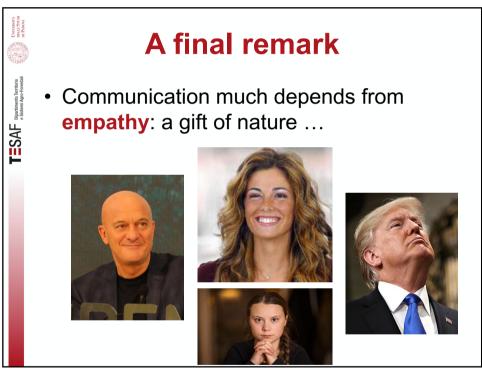
### Preparing visuals that are useful (9/10)

- Be professional and ask a colleague for comments on your presentation. Your partner is often an excellent reviewer on the design and lay-out of your sheets or slides!
- For small groups, if you have a rough idea on the number of persons in the audience, provide a hand-out in advance. That keeps the audience active with the presentation and a possibility to make notes.

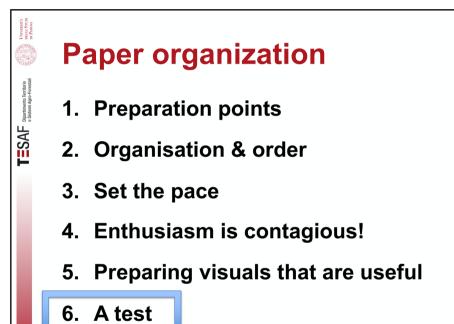


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### 6. A test

...and now it's your turn!



Prepare a presentation of 5 minutes (+/- 1 min.)

1.Preparation 2.Organisation & order 3.Set the pace 4.Enthusiasm is contagious! 5.Preparing visuals 6.Test



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## **«On-going and future impacts of Covid-19 in my personal life**(sub-title as you want) »

 Upload in Moodle a video presentation (prepared with Power Point or other SW)

- You can record the presentation using Zoom or the option for recording available in PP (<u>here</u> some instructions).
- For inspiration on the contents have a look to this web site.
- You have to assume that the audience is a selection committee looking for a candidate to a good grant offered to promising young scientists.

1.Preparation 2.Organisation & order 3.Set the pace 4.Enthusiasm is contagious! 5.Preparing visuals 6.Tes

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